

SUBSCRIBE.

Show this Paper to your neighbor
and advise him to subscribe.Subscription Price \$1.50 per
Year, in Advance.

THE EDITOR'S CHAIR

HOW THINGS LOOK FROM
OUR STAND POINT.The Opinion of The Caucasian and
the Opinion of others which we
Can Endorse on the Various
Topics of the Day.

Next Wednesday is the eighteenth hundred and ninetieth anniversary of the birth of Jesus—a period full of interest and hallowed memories to the whole christian world—to every one regardless of "his" occupation, partisan bias or creed.

Robert Browning, a great English poet, died on last Thursday in his 77th year. His poems bear marks of great genius, but are little read or admired on account of being lengthy, and rather obscure and enigmatical. "Paracelsus," "Pippa Passes," and "Pippa at the Fair," and other long poems will bear frequent re-reading and study. But he is better known to the world by two short poems, "Herve Riel" and the "Pied Piper of Hamelin." His wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Barrett Browning, who died more than a quarter of a century since, stands higher among poets of her sex than he among his. "Aurora Leigh" is one of her greatest works; with masculine style and passionate expressions it has a sweet pathos and tenderness, but on account of obscurity is but little read.

THE PRESS ON JEFFERSON DAVIS.

What both Northern and Southern Papers say.

He was a man of commanding ability, spotless integrity, controlling conscience and a temper so resolute that at times it approached obstinacy. —N. Y. Herald, Dem.

All will agree that he was a brave and kindly gentleman, a gracious host, a knight without reproach in the gentle chivalries of home and private life. —Washington Post, Liberal Rep.

It follows that he was one of the ablest men of his time. For it was by no stroke of chance that he was chosen to guide a masterful race through a struggle for national existence. He was selected because he was believed by good judges, and with practical unanimity, to be their best equipped representative and strongest man. —N. Y. Evening Post, Ind.

Mr. Davis was one of the most conscientious of our public men. He was not brilliant, but he was able, painstaking and earnest in everything. * * * History will say that Jefferson Davis was honest in faith, expression and effort alike at Montgomery when he was crowned amidst the smiles and roses of the sunny South; in the prison cell when hope and friends seemed to have perished; and in the hour when the long halt was called that summoned him to the dreamless couch of the dead. —Phil. Times, Ind.

Adversity is the test of manhood, and the distinguishing trait of Jefferson Davis was his manhood. He was a man—a man in sterling integrity, in indomitable courage, in self-reliance and self-poise, alike in victory and defeat, success and failure. He was a true man, for he never failed to meet and justify every trust reposed upon him. He was a great man in the highest prosperity or in the depths of adversity—in his virtues he was great and even in his faults there was no littleness. —N. C. Presbyterian.

He was the idol of Southern hearts. He was cast in an heroic mould and Southern men and women love above all else a hero. With unbending courage he united a dignity and an uprightness of character which even his enemies cannot deny him; his sincerity was beyond question; the rich fruitage of his intellect is among the treasures of the race. He had suffered for his people and for his sufferings was held in the tenderest affection. This devotion has been softened and strengthened as the years have passed and his infirmities increased. —Statesville Landmark.

In Mr. Davis were united spotless integrity, unusual candor, and frankness and sincerity; high intelligence, brilliant

THE CAUCASIAN.

Pure Democracy and White Supremacy.

VOL. VIII.

CLINTON, N. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1889.

No. 10.

LISTEN—800 subscribers in
1888; 1,054 to-day.

ATTENTION.

Will it pay you to advertise
in THE CAUCASIAN?
Look at our advertising col-
umns, and you will see how
many are profiting by it.

THE TWO GOVERNORS.

WHAT THE GOVERNOR OF
VIRGINIA SAID TO THE
NORTH CAROLINA
PEOPLE.How "Our Fitz" was Received at
Clinton—Governor Fowle
Makes a Nomination.

(From the Richmond, Virginia, Dispatch.)

CLINTON, N. C., December 5.—To-day will be marked with a white stone in the annals of Sampson county, for the Governors of Virginia and North Carolina met here at the Clinton Fair.

Governor Lee arrived very early this morning, accompanied by Brigadier-General Charles J. Anderson, Colonel B. O. James, Colonel C. O. B. Cowardin, and Major W. M. Cary.

Governor Fowle arrived last night, accompanied by Colonel Francis H. Cameron, Colonel Frederick A. Olds, Colonel Albert Grimes, Captain W. B. Grimes, his daughters, Mrs. D. B. Avera and Miss Helen Fowle, and Miss Eliza Skinner.

This morning Governor Fowle and staff called on Governor Lee and staff and escorted them to a hotel, where a reception was held, and Governor Lee was given a greeting which showed him he was as much at home in North Carolina as in Virginia.

A noon procession escorted the two Governors to the Fair Grounds. The procession was composed of the marshals and officers of the fair, a band, Companies C and F of the Second regiment, commanded by Captain W. L. Faison, and ex-Confederate veterans bearing a battle-flag which was brought from Appomattox.

On the arrival of the grounds a large audience greeted the Governors with hearty cheers and salutations. H. E. Penson, president of the Fair Association, introduced Governor Fowle, who in a graceful speech bade Governor Lee welcome. Governor Fowle said that North Carolinians love next to their own State Virginia, and that whenever North Carolinians desire sympathy and support they always turn to Virginia. He alluded to Governor Lee's ancestry and heroism, and said he was a soldier, statesman, and patriot whom all people of North Carolina delight to honor.

THREE CHEERS.

Three cheers were then given for Governor Lee, who came forward and made the speech of the day. It was a very happy and forceful effort of nearly one hour's length, mainly addressed to the veterans, who were present in large numbers and were deeply interested listeners. He expressed his pleasure in greeting an audience of people of the good Old North State, and said he was here to show the great love the old mother Commonwealth has for her sister State, the people of both being sympathetic, homogeneous, and with the same aspirations and same destiny and bound together by such ties as make a dividing line purely imaginary.

PERSONAL SYMPATHY.

He alluded to his having married a relative of Governor Fowle and of the close personal similarity of the two Governors. He then went on to eulogize the valor and virtue and love of liberty which characterize North Carolinians, and said in war and in peace these were illustrated. He declared the people of this State were right when they declined to ratify the Federal Constitution until proper safeguards to secure the rights of States had been secured. The people should control the Government and not the Government the people. As soon as ever it is admitted that a great central government is supreme the first foothold on liberty is lost.

SECESSION.

He spoke of the right of secession which existed in 1861, and said most forcibly that a man who terms those who fought on the southern side traitors is not familiar with the Constitution, with history, or the rights of the States.

GETTYSBURG.

He paid a high compliment to the North Carolina soldiers D. H. Hill, Ponder, Ramseur, Anderson, Gordon, and Pettigrew, whom he knew and who had no superiors, and said that at Gettysburg the North Carolinians went as far as the farthest in that world-famous charge.

In conclusion, he urged his

audience to always carry out their obligations so their great country, now again so happily united, and promote the honor and glory and prosperity of this grand republic.

He felt sure that if our country called for the services of North Carolinians the latter would show to that high courage which always distinguished them.

APPLAUSE.

The Governor's speech was punctuated with applause, and Miss Helen Fowle, daughter of the Governor, gave him a superb bouquet when he closed.

There were calls for Governor Fowle to which the latter responded in a brief speech, thanking Governor Lee in the name of the whole people of North Carolina for his visit and his address, and in which he declared that the North Carolinians wanted a southern man on the next national ticket as Vice-President and wanted Fitzhugh Lee as that man.

North Carolina would show what she thinks of Virginia and Fitz Lee. [Great applause.]

A RECEPTION.

Governor Lee then held a reception and shook hands with the veterans. He received a special invitation to visit Wilmington and at 3 o'clock this afternoon left for that city, where he was given a royal reception this evening. He will leave there for Richmond at night. The people are delighted at his visit and charmed with him and the officers who accompanied him.

GOVERNOR FOWLE LEFT FOR RALEIGH THIS EVENING.

THE PRESS ON THE SAMPSON FAIR.

Sampson County Fair.
(New Bern Journal.)

It was our good fortune to attend the Sampson County Fair held in Clinton, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

The first day was spent, as is usual on such occasions, in the arrangement and display of exhibits. The number of agricultural products was not extensive but of excellent quality, while that of poultry and live stock was far better than is usually seen at county fairs.

It would have been strange if the ladies department had not excelled all the others. Such exquisite needle work, such beautiful specimens of art, and such delicious cake, bread and butter, preserves, jellies and cordials have rarely been seen. Much credit is due to all who contributed to this signal success, but the highest mead of praise is awarded to Mr. Marion Butler, the polite gentleman and accomplished editor of THE CAUCASIAN who was the efficient general manager.

It had been announced that Gov. Fowle would speak on Wednesday, but the Governor never neglected his public duties for any pleasure however tempting it may be. But there was only a postponement, for his Excellency arrived by special train at nine o'clock Wednesday night. The Wilmington Light Infantry, accompanied by worthy representatives of the beauty of "the city by the sea," had previously arrived, and with the Clinton Light Infantry and a large concourse of citizens, were waiting at the depot. The Governor was welcomed with loud cheers, and was then escorted to the Murphy House where a reception was held.

Sometime between midnight and day Governor Lee, of Virginia, arrived and received a grand ovation.

Early Thursday morning the military, preceded by the Wilmington Light Infantry's Band, marched to the Murphy House to escort the Governors of North Carolina and Virginia to the Fair grounds. A procession was formed led by mounted men. Then came the band followed close by the military; next were the veterans keeping step to the march strains that thrilled their spirits long ago, and close upon their rear rode Fowle and Lee, followed by staff officers dressed in brilliant uniforms. Arriving on the Fair grounds the Governors received another ovation, and then proceeded to the speakers stand.

Mr. Faison gracefully introduced Gov. Fowle, who at once proceeded in his introductory address. He spoke eloquently, and in conclusion introduced "Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, the greatest living soldier and the best Governor Virginia ever had."

Governor Lee arose mid thunders of applause.

[Here followed a review of Gov. Lee's great speech.—Ed.]

[Continued on Second Page.]

[FOR THE CAUCASIAN.]
NOTES AND REFLECTIONS.

Hard Times.

We hear of little else these days but hardships. The merchant, the farmer, the mechanic, all agree that the times are hard, very hard. It is so often repeated, reiterated that it forces even the most skeptical to the conclusions into which the public mind seems to have settled down. And yet there are some things strangely at variance with this public clamor, and which seems partly to contradict this conclusion of the public mind. A laboring man can get 60 cents per day for his work. Let us say then that he makes this one day; with this he can buy ten pounds of pork. He works another day, and with this he can buy a bushel of corn. Here, then, with two days work he has provision to support him comfortably for a month, with three days work in the month he can clothe himself. Of the twenty-six working days in the month, if he work five days, he makes himself independent of the world. Then, for the other twenty-one days, he can live, if he chooses, the life of an Indian chief. Or, if he chooses to work these twenty-one days, he can support a family comfortably and save money besides. This is not utopian or visionary, but is in reach of any industrious, frugal man. Now, if life is so easy to every industrious man, it contradicts flatly the notion that the times are hard. Besides this, people are as extravagant as ever they were. A young lady the other day showed me her new hat. It weighed four ounces. How much did it cost, said I. Just four dollars, she said. So our ladies wear hats that cost their weight in silver—and other parts of their dress correspond. Ladies could not dress in this style if the times were hard.

And when a circus comes along there is money a plenty to pay for the show. The other day a circus came to the county fair. This year, they say is the most unfavorable ever known for farming, and yet in Wayne county one man made eighty-five barrels of corn on five acres of land—just eighty-five bushels per acre. Why did he do this? The Agricultural Department offered a premium for the best corn farm. He worked wisely and made the corn and the premium. Now nature offers a premium every year, and those who work for it get it. But it is never taken by those farmers who spend half their time loafing in the villages, keeping up the public sentiment in favor of hard times.

There is hardness somewhere, but it is not in the times nor the seasons, but in the people. In them there must be change, must be reform; or we will go down to the deepest depths of poverty. We will soon be too poor to buy ink enough to dot our i's and cross our t's. Some things our people must learn or there is no redemption for us. We are doomed. Among the following are of first importance:

1st. Stop spending other men's money. If you owe your neighbor twenty dollars and have ten dollars in your pocket, that money is not yours, but his, and you cannot spend it without his consent. Remember that the vice closest kin to debt is lying, for lying "rides on debt's back."

2nd. Spending more money than you make. He who makes ninety-nine cents and spends a dollar will surely come to want. "The Indies did not make Spain rich because her outgoes were greater than her incomes."

3rd. Stop spending money before you make it. Many do this, then sit down and hope for better times. Remember that "who lives on hope dies fasting," and that "it is diligence that gives good luck," and that "God helps them that help themselves," and to-day is worth two to-morrows.

4th. Take heed to the following wise sayings: "Do not squander time, for time is the stuff that life is made of." "The sleeping fox catches no poultry." "At the working man's house hunger looks in, but does not enter." Handle your tools with out mittens; the cat in gloves catches no mice. "A little neglect breeds great mischief. In the want of a nail the shoe was lost; and for the want of the shoe the horse was lost; and for the want of the horse the rider was lost." "If you would be wealthy, think of saving, as well as getting. A fat kitchen makes a lean will." "What maintains one vice will bring up two children." "If you want

[Continued on Second Page.]

Alliance Department.

[THE CAUCASIAN was adopted as the official organ of the County Alliance by the County Alliance, January 19th.]

ORGANIZATION.

President—W. E. Stevens;
Vice-President—R. M. Crumpler;

Secretary—O. F. Herring;
Treasurer—J. R. Beaman, Sr.;
Business Agent—G. A. Clute;
Sergeant-at-Arms—B. S. Peterson;

Chaplain—Dr. G. W. Moseley;
Doorkeeper—W. J. Faircloth;
Assistant Doorkeeper—D. W. Williams;

Lecturer—Marion Butler;
Assistant Lecturer—P. B. Lockamy;

Executive Committee—J. A. Oates, Chairman; R. M. Crumpler, M. M. Killett, W. K. Pigford, C. E. Daniel.

Alliance trade cards for sale at THE CAUCASIAN office at 25 cents per hundred.

Send in to the Secretary, O. F. Herring, Clinton, N. C., the amount of stock taken by each Alliance in the Canning Factory as soon as possible so that we may be able to determine before January first whether or not the stock subscribed will make the factory a certainty.

Are you in debt? Then you are a slave until you are able to pay out. Remember that credit is the strongest weapon of the speculator and our worst enemy. If the farmers were all out of debt they could do anything, in debt they are helpless. If we have to live on dry bread alone for the next year, let us come out of debt and be independent.

Red Hill Alliance.

Our lodge is progressing nicely. The editor of THE CAUCASIAN, who is now our county lecturer, has been to the county and initiated five members. After which the doors were thrown open for the visitors outside to come in and hear a talk on the condition of the country and the outlook for the farmer. We will take stock in the Sampson County Factory.

The National Economist says: In the very heart of the Capital City of the Nation, and about midway between the Capital and the White House, Capital Farmers' Alliance, No. 1, of the District of Columbia, holds its regular semi-monthly meetings. Members of Congress belonging to the order should make their arrangements to attend its meetings during the coming winter.

Are there any cotton speculators in this country? Do they make a living by buying up cotton and holding it for a rise? Yes, they make millions by it. They make it by gambling on our hard earned products. How? The following extract from the National Economist partly explains it:

The spinner does not generally buy lint he needs the cotton to spin. If the speculator can make money scarce, and thereby reduce prices and compel the farmer to sell at once, he will gain the difference between such price and what he can run it up to by the time the spinner needs it. If the farmer can hold lint that time he will make that gain.

The farmer must make his home supplies, give no mortgage, do without what he can't pay for and then he will be boss of the situation.

IN MEMORIAM.

WHEREAS God in his divine wisdom on Dec. 12th, 1889, saw fit to remove by death from our midst, our sister, Miss Lou Clute, aged 55 years;

Therefore Hermon Alliance, No. 747 in regular session Dec. 13th passed the following:

Resolved 1st, That we bow with reverence to the will of Him who doeth all things well, who is too wise to err and too good to be unkind, we desire in this sad dispensation of His providence to tender our sympathies to the sorrowing family of our deceased sister, pointing them to the word of His counsel as an all sufficient balm to heal sorrowing hearts.

Resolved 2d, That in the death of our sister, her parents have lost a kind, industrious and dutiful daughter, her brothers and sisters a faithful and tender sister, our lodge a good member, the community a genial, kind and cheerful friend.

Resolved 3rd, That a copy of the above be sent to the family of the deceased, to THE CLINTON CAUCASIAN and Progressive Farmer with request that they publish the same, also that they be spread upon our minutes.

J. E. BRITT,
J. W. BONEY, Com.
B. F. BYRD.

SCHOOL ADVERTISEMENTS.

A SCHOOL
For Boys and Girls.

I will open a School in Clinton the SECOND MONDAY IN JANUARY next. Tuition from \$1.00 a month up. All the branches of English, Latin, Music and Art will be taught. For further particulars address
dec19—tf MISS MARY C. FERRELL, Clinton, N. C.

Clinton School
FOR
BOYS AND GIRLS.

REV. J. W. TURNER, A. M., Principal.
MRS. J. W. TURNER, Assistant.

Spring Term Opens Monday December 30th, 1889.

This School is divided into five grades: Primary, Advanced Primary, Junior, Intermediate and Senior. Tuition rates according to the grades.
Latin, Greek and French are taught without extra charge. No contingent fee is charged. Where expedient, Country Produce will be received in settlement of bills.
For Rates of Tuition and further information address,
aug8—tf REV. J. W. TURNER, Clinton, N. C.

Salem High School,
—ESTABLISHED IN 1874.—
MARION BUTLER A. B., Supt.
A Boarding School for Both Sexes.

Spring Term of the Session of '89 and '90 Opens January 6th.

RATES OF TUITION.

PRIMARY,	(1st Grade,	per month \$1.00
	(2nd Grade,	per month \$1.00
INTERMEDIATE,	(1st Grade,	per month \$1.50
	(2nd Grade,	per month \$1.50
ACADEMIC,	(1st Grade,	per month \$2.00
	(2nd Grade,	per month \$2.00
PREPARATORY COLLEGIATE,		per month \$3.00

The Business course is especially for young men. The course of study is Book Keeping, Commercial Arithmetic and Business Law, with the requisite amount of time filled up with studies selected. Tuition per month \$3.50.
Latin or French, in addition to the studies in any of the above departments, 25 cents extra per month.

MUSIC DEPARTMENT.
In this department instructions are given in both Vocal and Instrumental Music. Tuition per month \$2.75 each. When the Vocal and Instrumental are combined, the pupil gets twice the amount of time for practice, with a reduction of \$1.50 per month on the regular tuition rates, i. e. \$4.00 per month. No extra charge for instrument.
A class of girls in ELOCUTION will be started at the opening of the term. Special training in Reading and in Recitations. Tuition 75 cents per month extra.
The Athenian Lit. Club and Philotechnic Lit. Society, separate organizations for the girls and boys respectively, are an attractive feature of the School.

BOARD:
Good Board, including washing, lights, etc. can be obtained in good families, convenient to the school, at from \$6.00 to \$7.00 per month. For further particulars address,
G. E. BUTLER, (U. N. C.) Principal,
Huntley, N. C.

CLINTON FEMALE INSTITUTE!

This School, organized three years ago under the present management, has steadily grown in numbers and reputation. The Spring Session will begin

JANUARY 4th, 1890.

Thorough instruction given by competent and experienced teachers in all of the departments, Collegiate, Music and Art. TERMS REASONABLE. Boarding Department under the supervision of the Principal.

For further information apply for Catalogue.
dec5—tf MISS MARY ANDERSON, Principal.

[ANNOUNCEMENT.]

Kenansville Male & Female Academy,
KENANSVILLE, N. C.

Fall Session Begins September 9th, 1889.
Boys prepared for College. Girls prepared for higher classes in our best institutions. Special inducements offered to those desiring to prepare for teaching. Music by experienced teachers. Social and religious advantages unsurpassed. Free from malaria. Board in private families \$8.00 to \$10.00 per month.

I take pleasure in announcing that Prof. J. A. McArthur, of Davidson College, will assist me next session. He has furnished me with satisfactory testimonials from the President and Faculty of that institution, where he served as Tutor in Greek last year. He is a young man of most excellent character and decided literary tastes. He is a native of Cumberland county, N. C.

For further particulars apply immediately to
W. M. SHAW, Principal,
Or PROF. J. A. MCARTHUR, Asst. Principal.
aug29—3m

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Superior Court of Sampson county, made in the case of J. H. Burlington vs. Arthur Vann, the same being a proceeding for the partition of personal property, for the purpose of making said partition, the undersigned, commissioner of said court, will sell, by public auction, for cash, at the Court-house door in Clinton, N. C., on Friday, the 3rd day of January, 1890, the property described in the petition in said cause, consisting of one steam engine and boiler, 18 horse power, Talbot make; saws, saw and log carriage, cut off saw and all the belt, shafting, apparatus and appliances usually connected therewith. Also one cotton gin, 40 saw, belt and wire rope used or connected therewith. Also one cotton press, Brook's make. Also one grain mill, rocks and all the gearing, belts, fixtures, &c., connected therewith. All of which is in Honeycuts township, Sampson county.

This Dec. 12th, 1889.—At
F. R. COOPER,
Commissioner.

Executor's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING qualified as executor of the last will and testament of W. H. Moore, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons holding claims against the estate of the said W. H. Moore, to present them within 12 months from this date, duly authenticated, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

D. A. CULBRETH,
A. M. LEE,
Executors.

This 21st day of Nov., 1889.—At

FOR FINE SHOES!

AND
Good Cheap Shoes!

GO TO
CHESTNUT & BARENTINE,
30 Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.
aug 15—tf